



<u>Hair</u>!

Dear Readers, our <u>theme</u> today is hair. Read on for a hair raising experience, where you'll find out about the different styles, colours and types of hair. There'll be some idioms, some jokes, plus information on <u>dos (and don'ts)</u> for hair! We'll look at the equipment used for styling hair, the products we put in our hair, plus the word for a <u>lack of</u> hair. Enjoy!

hair heə(r) | włosy theme θ:m | temat przewodni dos and don'ts | to, co wypada i czego nie wypada; zasady; nakazy i zakazy lack of sth | brak czegoś

> Poradnik językowy jest bezpłatnym dodatkiem do English Matters nr 77/2019. Opracowanie: Owen Williams Korekta: Graham Crawford Colorful Media ul. Lednicka 23, 60-413 Poznań tel. 61 833 63 28, redakcja@colorfulmedia.pl Okładka: Stasia Lebedenko/Depositphotos

You Can <u>Count on</u> It

Hair is very important to a lot of people. What's odd about that sentence? Well, for a lot of people learning English, it's strange that "hair is" - all the hairs on our heads are singular! Hair in general is an 'it' in English, because the general noun hair is <u>uncountable</u>. As such, in English we could say, "My hair is getting too long, I need to get it cut." or, "I'm having a bad hair day, it just won't do what I want it to." We would <u>not</u> say, "My hair are too long, I need to get them cut." or, "they are not doing what I want them to." Now it <u>gets confusing</u>, though, because, as with lots of things in English, the categorisation of countable or uncountable is <u>relative</u>! So the noun hair is <u>actually</u> both countable and uncountable. As such, the individual <u>strands</u> of hair can be considered countable and called 'hairs', if they're small enough in <u>quantity</u> to actually be counted easily. For example, if you saw an individual hair on your friend's jumper, it would be normal to say, "you have a hair on your jumper". Similarly, if you accidentally pulled <u>a</u> few hairs from your head, it would be just as <u>acceptable</u> to say, "I just <u>pulled out</u> three hairs".

to count on sth | liczyć na coś uncountable An'kaontabl | niepoliczalny to get confusing | stawać się mylącym relative | względny actually | w rzeczywistości strand | kosmyk quantity | ilość jumper | sweter a few | kilka acceptable ak'septabl | akceptowalny to pull out sth | wyciągnąć, *tu:* wyrwać coś

Hair Colours

Hair colour is determined by the type and level of pigment within the hair. The two main types are a dark pigment called <u>eumelanin</u> and a <u>pale</u> pigment called pheomelanin. The pigment (and therefore colour) is also connected to the number of hair strands and the <u>thickness</u> of the hair. People with red hair have the thickest hair, followed by black, then brown, then blond. Here are some descriptions of <u>common</u> hair colours:

- **Black** | very dark, such as the hair of Jackie Kennedy. This is the most common hair colour in the world.
- Brown | also called 'brunette', a person with this colour hair can be called 'a brunette.'

There are many different shades of brown/brunette hair, often simply described as light or dark brown, but also with a few other terms:

- **Mouse/mousy brown** | a form of light brown or <u>dull</u> caramel colour.
- Chestnut brown | a rich but not very dark brown colour.
- Caramel brown | a light shade of brown.
- **Golden brown** | a shiny, light shade of brown hair.
- **Ginger** | ginger hair is orange. It is the rarest type of hair because it is caused by a recessive gene. It is a type of red hair.
- **Strawberry blond** | for some people this term means the same as ginger, for others, it is a duller version, more <u>akin to</u> blond.
- **Red hair** | people with red hair are often called 'red heads.' There are many shades, from dark <u>auburn</u> to bright ginger.
- **Blond (or blonde?!)** | one of the most popular colours, but probably the most complicated word in this category! The word 'blond' used as an adjective describes hair colour of a man or woman, it can also be used as a noun for a man who has hair of that colour. The word 'blonde' can be an adjective to describe the colour of hair but can also be used as a noun for a woman with blond hair! Although these differences exist (from the original French words, which have masculine and feminine form) they are often misused and overlooked in English because of the language's lack of gender forms.

eumelanin jumelənın | eumelanina (forma melaniny) pale | blady thickness | grubość common | powszechnie występujący dull dʌl | tu: monotonny akin to sth | zbliżony do czegoś auburn 'ɔ:bən / 'ɔ:bəm | kasztanowaty misused | źle używany overlooked | przeoczony, pominięty

Наіг Турез

The style you choose for your hair is often determined by the type of hair you have. There are four main types:

- straight | without any waves or curls
- wavy | swaying back and forth, but not forming complete curls
- **<u>curly</u>** | forming large <u>loops</u>
- **<u>coiled</u>** | tightly curled, small loops of hair.

straight | prosty
wavy | falujący

curly | kręcony loop | pętla, pętelka coiled | kręcony

Hairstyles – Common Terms

- **Taper/Fade** | A <u>gradual</u> reduction in length of hair, often to the point of no hair <u>at all</u>. Common on the sides and back of short hair styles.
- **Undercut** | short hair cut close to the skin, with longer hair from above hanging on top.
- **Grades** | when hair is cut short with a machine, the <u>length</u> is determined by grades, where zero is the shortest.
- **Neckline** | the <u>height</u> of hair above the neck. Particularly important for short hair styles as neckline determines where the hair cut stops!
- **Layers** | different lengths of hair on top of one another.
- **Thinning** | removing some hair so that overall it is less thick. This is done with special scissors <u>unsurprisingly</u> called 'thinning scissors.'

gradual | stopniowy at all | w ogóle length | długość height | wysokość layer | warstwa thinning | cieniowanie unsurprisingly ,ʌnsəˈprarzıŋli | jak można się spodziewać, nic dziwnego

Hairstyles – Popular For Men:

- **<u>Buzzcut</u>** | all hair cut to one length using a machine. For example 'grade four buzzcut' means an even length of hair around one centimetre long, all over.
- **Skinhead** | an extreme version of a buzzcut, where the grade is one or zero, resulting in almost no visible hair at all. It is popular with men who have <u>receding hairlines</u>, or who want to portray an image of <u>toughness</u>.
- <u>Crew Cut</u> | a true classic with a <u>fade</u> on the sides and back, and short hair on top.
- French Crop | similar to a crew cut, but with a defined, short and straight fringe.
- **<u>Pompadour</u>** | another classic, this style <u>involves</u> <u>medium length</u> hair <u>slicked</u> <u>back</u> away from the forehead. The sides and back are cut shorter, <u>currently</u> often with a fade.
- **Side Parting** | short to medium length hair, <u>parted</u> at <u>either</u> side of the forehead. Exhibited by every James Bond <u>except</u> Daniel Craig's version.
- **Centre Parting** | same as a side parting except...you guessed it...the parting is in the centre! A classic of the '90s.
- Curtains | an extension of the centre parting, equally as popular in the '90s, but with

greater length.

- **<u>Spikey/spike</u>/spiked hair** | almost always short, with hair raised to form 'spikes.'
- Mohawk/Mohican | <u>Shaved</u> hair on the sides, with a <u>strip</u> of longer hair left down the centre of the head.



Buzzcut



Skinhead



Crew Cut



French Crop



Pompadour



Side Parting



Centre Parting



Curtains



Spikey/spiky/ spiked hair



Mohawk/ Mohican

buzzcut | jeżyk receding hairlines | zakola toughness | twardość, bezwzględność crew cut | jeżyk fade | tu: jeżyk, mocno wygolone włosy defined | wyraźnie zarysowany fringe | grzywka pompadour 'pampə,dər | fryzura w stylu lat 50 (z włosami zaczesanymi do góry) to involve sth | zakładać coś, polegać na czymś medium length | średniej długości slicked back | zaczesany do tyłu currently | obecnie parted | oddzielony either | tu: obydwie except | z wyjątkiem spikey/spiky'sparki | sterczący shaved | ogolony, wygolowny strip | pasek, pas



Hairstyles – Popular For Women:

- **Pixie** | short to mid length hair, styled around the head.
- Short with long <u>bangs</u> | similar to a pixie cut, but with longer bangs (groups of long hair) on the forehead.
- **Centre parting** | a parting down the centre, with long hair balanced on either side. Optionally <u>tucked behind</u> the ears.
- **Bob** | a fringe to around <u>eyebrow level</u>, with longer hair of equal length around the head. Often layered to give <u>volume</u>, this is a truly timeless, classic style.
- **Layered Crop** | a longer crop than the French variety, this hairstyle uses layers and hairspray to give a lot of volume. Jane Fonda gives an excellent example of how to <u>pull</u> this style <u>off</u>.
- **Wild Curls** | long, curly hair, styled to give a natural look where the hair is <u>swept off</u> the face and has <u>loads of</u> volume.
- **Lob** | this new term means 'long bob.' It's often without a fringe and around shoulder length.
- <u>Feathered</u> hair | this usually forms part of a hairstyle, rather than being one in its own right. Different lengths of hair are <u>angled back</u> at the tips to create the appearance of bird-like feathers.
- <u>Shag</u> | this comes in many lengths, but is characterised by many layers, often feathered at the sides.
- **<u>Ponytail</u>** | tied back hair, kept in one long group at the back and centre of the head.
- <u>**Pigtails**</u> | parted in the centre and grouped into two 'tails' on either side of the head. Think Britney Spears in her debut video *Hit Me Baby One More Time*.
- **<u>Plait</u>** | when hair is divided into three strands, then <u>interwoven</u> in a repeated pattern.
- **French Plait** | similar to the plait, but started within the hair so that the plait <u>initially</u> stays close to the head, then forms a normal plait hanging from it.



Pixie



Short with long bangs



Centre parting



Bob



Layered Crop



Wild Curls



Lob



Feathered hair



Shag



Ponytail



Pigtails

Plait

French Plait

bangs | grzywka tucked behind sth | zatknięty, włożony/schowany za coś eyebrow level | poziom brwi volume | objętość layered 'leiə(r)d | warstwowy to pull sth off | tu: dobrze w czymś wyglądać, dobrze się w czymś prezentować swept off | odgarniety loads of sth | mnóstwo czegoś feathered | pierzasty angled back | odgięty, zawinięty shag | fryzura z wystrzępionymi włosami ponytail | kucyk, koński ogon pigtails | kitki plait plæt | warkocz interwoven | pleciony initially | początkowo

How to Make a Hairstyle

To get the perfect hairstyle, first, people <u>get a haircut</u>. This is typically done by a barber for men, or a hairdresser for women, although these terms are losing their difference slightly, with hairdresser becoming the preferred term for a person who cuts the hair of men and women. These people work in a barber's (shop), a hairdresser's, or a hair salon. They offer cuts, washes, blow dries, <u>perms</u> and colouring. A perm is a way of creating curls through the hair which isn't really popular anymore. Colouring involves adding colour to hair: it <u>encompasses bleaching</u> (where hair is made a lot brighter through the <u>removal of</u> pigment) and <u>dying</u> (where the hair is changed to a different tone of natural hair).

Once the hair is cut, it is up to the individual to <u>look after</u> it. This involves washing with shampoo, treating with conditioner, drying with a towel or hairdryer and using products or equipment to create the shape that is desired. Here is a list of equipment used for styling hair:

- Brush
- Comb
- (Hair) Clips
- (Hair) Band or Alice Band
- Elasticated (Hair) Band
- <u>Scrunchie</u>
- Hair Pin
- Hairdryer
- **Straighteners**
- Curling tongs
- Crimpers
- <u>Kanzashi</u>
- <u>Hair Slide</u>
- <u>Rollers</u>







(Hair) Clips



(Hair) Band or Alice Band



Elasticated (Hair) Band



Brush





Comb

Hair Pin



Hairdryer



Straighteners



Curling tongs



Crimpers



Kanzashi

Hair Slide



Rollers

Here are the most common products used for hair:

- Shampoo | for washing
- Conditioner | for making hair silky and smooth (not knotted)
- Gel | wet look or hard drying, gel is the classic styling product for holding short hair in place
- $\bullet \mbox{Wax} \mid A$ type of wax for hair, used like gel, but leaving a matt look and allowing for reshaping
- Oil | used to make the hair sleek and healthy, not to hold it in place
- Cream | similar in effect to wax, but without the waxy feel!
- Putty | a softer version of cream. The hold on the hair is less firm and the look is more natural
- Hairspray | an aerosol based additive for fixing hair in place. It's used for giving firm holds.

to get a haircut | strzyc się, iść się ostrzyc perm | trwała ondulacja to encompass sth | obejmować coś bleaching | dekoloryzacja removal of sth | usunięcie czegoś dying | farbowanie to look after sth | dbać o coś scrunchie 'skrʌntʃi | gumka/frotka do włosów straightener | prostownica hair crimper | karbownica kanzashi | szpilka do włosów hair slide | (ozdobna) spinka do włosów roller | wałek

Parts of the Head and Hair

- scalp | skalp, skóra głowy
- hair follicle | mieszek włosowy
- hair strand | pasmo włosów
- fringe BrE | grzywka
- bangs AmE | grzywka
- forehead | czoło
- parting | przedziałek
- sideburns | bokobrody
- hairline | linia włosów
- receding hairline | zakola
- bald | łysy
- dandruff | łupież/łojotok

It is not common knowledge, but a single strand of hair is made up of three parts; the <u>medulla</u> on the inside, the coloured <u>cortex in the middle</u>, and the outer <u>cuticle</u>.

medulla | rdzeń (włosa) cortex | kora cuticle 'kju:trkl | powłoczka (włosa)

Idioms with Hair and other Expressions

It's not just a cover for our head; hair also provides us with several idiomatic expressions:

- Hair raising | <u>scary/thrilling</u>. Probably originating in the fact that the hair on our bodies rises up and <u>tingles</u> when something scary happens. The expression is used as an adjective phrase, as in "It was a hair raising event. I never want to do it again!" It's also possible to use a longer phrase such as, "It will make your hair stand on end" especially when talking about scary things. For example, "The new horror film will make your hair stand on end."
- <u>By a whisker/by a hair's breadth</u> | by a very narrow amount (referring to the thinness of a strand of hair). For example, "It was a very close race, but in the end we won by a hair's breadth."
- <u>Hairline fracture</u> | a break (usually in a bone) that is very narrow and therefore not as serious as a full fracture. "The doctor said it's only a hairline fracture, so it shouldn't take too long to heal."
- <u>Harebrained</u> | Note, this uses the word 'hare' not 'hair' but as they are homonyms most people don't <u>realise</u>! The word means silly or poorly thought-out. For example, "Your harebrained <u>scheme</u> will never work! We need to think of a proper solution."
- Bad hair day | <u>literally</u> a day when your hair will not take the shape that you want it to!
- The hair of the dog (that bit you) | this is the name for an alcoholic drink drunk while experiencing a <u>hangover</u>. It's supposedly the best way to cure the ill effects. The expression <u>stems from</u> an old belief that a person bitten by a <u>rabid</u> dog can be cured of rabies by drinking a potion containing the dog's hair!
- Get in someone's hair | to <u>annoy</u> someone so much that they cannot concentrate on what they are doing, for example, "please stop speaking, you're getting in my hair."
- Let you hair down | to relax. "It's Friday everyone, time to go home and let your hair down."
- Tear your hair out | to be very stressed or <u>agitated</u>, for example, "When I told Carlo the bad news, he was tearing his hair out! I hope he's calmed down by now."
- Split hairs | to be very <u>picky</u> in trying to find a difference between things, often used with a negative connotation, as in "They're <u>virtually</u> the same thing, so please stop picking hairs it's not helping anyone".

Hair Today, Gone Tomorrow

That's it - all there is to know about hair. Hopefully you didn't find this guide hair raising, or something that was getting in your hair. Some of the inclusions may have been harebrained ideas, but you've made it to the end so now it's time to let your hair down.

scary/thrilling | przerażający to tingle | mrowić by a whisker/by a hair's breadth | o włos hairline fracture | pęknięcie wloskowate, drobne pęknięcie harebrained | postrzelony, niedorzeczny to realise | zdawać sobie sprawę scheme skim | plan literally | dosłownie hangover | kac to stem from | pochodzić od rabid | *tu*: wściekły to annoy sb | zdenerwować kogoś agitated | poruszony picky | wybredny, grymaśny virtually | praktycznie

WYDANIE SPECJALNE

TŁUMACZENIA SŁÓWEK

MAGAZYN DLA UCZĄCYCH SIĘ JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

MAGAZYN DLA UCZĄCYCH SIĘ JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

ENGLIS

ENGLISH MATTERS

ENGLISH

ENGLISH MATTERS

WYDANIE SPECJALNE CZYTAJ TEKSTY WRAZ Z LEKTOREM

TŁUMACZENIA SŁÓWEK

NORTHERN IRE

artykuły w formacie

WYDANIE SPECJALNE CZYTAJ TEKSTY WRAZ Z LEKTOREM

MARNIA

ntykuły MDT LISTA SŁÓWEK



englishmatters.pl



NORTHERN IRISH Szczegóły na kiosk.colorfulmedia.pl

BELFAST FOREVER

SAINT PATRICK'S DAY

Colorful